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                  IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                      SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
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    UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
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                 Plaintiff,
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                                        No. 18-cr-40043-JPG-1
    v.
                                        Benton, Illinois
 6
    KURT F. JOHNSON
 7
                Defendant.
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                        TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
10
                          SENTENCING PROCEEDINGS
11
                  BEFORE THE HONORABLE J. PHIL GILBERT
                     UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
12
                           SEPTEMBER 5, 2019
13
    APPEARANCES:
14
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             (Proceedings began in open court at 9:07 a.m.)
                      *******
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             THE CLERK: United States of America v. Kurt F.
    Johnson, case #18-40043. This matter comes before the Court
 4
 5
    on a sentencing. Are the parties ready?
 6
             MR. COONAN: Yes, ma'am. Liam Coonan on behalf of
 7
    the United States. Good morning, Your Honor.
 8
             THE COURT: Good morning.
 9
             MR. ELOVITZ: Good morning, Your Honor. Rob Elovitz
10
    on behalf of the defense, and we are ready to proceed.
11
             THE COURT: Let the record show that the Defendant,
12
    Kurt Johnson, is present in court with counsel, Mr. Elovitz.
13
    Mr. Coonan is present on behalf of the Government.
             This matter comes before this Court for sentencing.
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15
             Mr. Johnson, will you please stand? A written
    Presentence Investigation Report, which has been revised --
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    And the latest one is dated May 20 of this year, is that
17
18
    correct, Caleb?
19
             PROBATION OFFICER: Yes.
20
             THE COURT: -- May 20th of this year, has been
21
    prepared to assist me in sentencing you. Have you received a
22
    copy of that report?
23
             DEFT. JOHNSON: Yes.
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             THE COURT: Have you had an opportunity to read it?
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             DEFT. JOHNSON: Yes.
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THE COURT: You filed some objections to the report,
and then when the Court appointed Mr. Elovitz to represent you
he filed some amended objections on August 16th of this year
incorporating your pro se objections, as well as additional
objections to the Presentence Investigation Report, and then
there was an addendum to the report dated August 30 of this
year. Have you had a chance to read and review that document?
         DEFT. JOHNSON: Yes.
         THE COURT: Other than the objections made by you and
your attorney, are there any other errors, corrections,
alterations, or additions to the report which you wish to make
to it?
         DEFT. JOHNSON: Not that I'm aware of.
         THE COURT: Mr. Elovitz, other than the objections
that you have filed, are there any other objections to the
report that would affect the advisory guideline range?
         MR. ELOVITZ: No objections that would affect the
advisory quideline range.
         THE COURT: Okay. You may be seated.
         MR. ELOVITZ: Thank you.
         THE COURT: Mr. Coonan, does the Government have any
objections to the report that would affect the advisory
guideline range?
         MR. COONAN: No, thank you, Your Honor.
         THE COURT: All right. Mr. Elovitz, let's go through
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the objections. Objections 1 through --
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             PROBATION OFFICER: 13.
 2
             THE COURT: -- yeah, 1 through 13 were filed by Mr.
 3
 4
    Johnson, and then objections beyond that, 14, 15, 16, and 17,
 5
    were filed by you, is that correct?
             MR. ELOVITZ: That's correct, Judge.
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 7
             THE COURT: And the objections -- The main
 8
    objections, as I look at it, that affect the guideline range
 9
    are the objections to intended loss and the four-level
    enhancement for leadership role.
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11
             MR. ELOVITZ: That's correct, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: Then you also have, I guess, an argument
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    for some kind of variance based upon Mr. Johnson saving a
    man's life in Terre Haute, is that correct?
14
15
             MR. ELOVITZ: Those are all correct, Your Honor.
16
             THE COURT: Okay. So, that's what we need to -- So,
    let's go through these Objections 1 through 13 first, and then
17
18
    we will get to the intended loss.
             Objection #1. The Defendant objects to the
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20
    California identification number on page two of the PSR.
                                                               And
21
    the response was that that was corrected.
22
             So, is there -- So that, Mr. Elovitz, was corrected?
23
             MR. ELOVITZ: That's correct, Your Honor.
24
             THE COURT: Okay. So, the Court will adopt the
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    response, because it was corrected.
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Objection #2. Again, both pieces of information were from a prior PSR, had to do with the Florida driver's license, and in that report the Defendant has the alias name Kurt J. Johnson; therefore, no changes -- the Probation Officer recommended no changes to make regarding page two of the PSR. Any argument regarding that? MR. ELOVITZ: There's no argument concerning that. THE COURT: The Court is going to adopt the response from Probation. Objection #3, Defendant objects to paragraph 6 which uses the term sovereign citizen, as the Defendant asserts he makes no mention of what that term means -- as this makes no mention of what the term means and no sense on its face since it's an oxymoron. Without definition, according to Defendant, it is impossible to understand what is being said. And the response: According to the records received from the Bureau of Prisons, Mr. Johnson is identified as a sovereign citizen, quote/unquote, and no change is recommended by Probation. The Court is going to overrule that objection and adopt the Probation Officer's position, because these are records from the Bureau of Prisons. Objection #4. Defendant objects to paragraph 11 which mentions Deborah Hood Welsh. According to the Defendant no such person is known and no relationship exists.

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In discussions with the case agent in the response,
the middle name Hood may have been incorrect and, therefore,
that was changed to Deborah Welsh, and that was changed in the
presentence report. Any objection to that?
         MR. ELOVITZ: No, Your Honor.
         THE COURT: Okay. The Court adopts the Probation
Officer's position.
         Objection #5, according to Defendant, paragraph 13
ignores testimony at trial by the Defendant's mother that
Deborah is his wife.
         Now, I guess, Mr. Elovitz, you can answer this
question. I will be happy to make the change from girlfriend
to wife. Is it girlfriend or wife?
         DEFT. JOHNSON: It's my wife.
        MR. ELOVITZ: He insists it's his wife, Your Honor.
         THE COURT: It's his wife?
        MR. ELOVITZ: He does insist.
         THE COURT: Okay. I will have Probation make that
change, okay?
        MR. ELOVITZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
         THE COURT: Again, it has no effect on the guideline
range, but it's for clarity purposes.
         MR. ELOVITZ: It is, Judge. Thank you.
         THE COURT: Objection #6. The Defendant asserts
paragraph 15 mentions threats of lien, but lists no incidents.
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None were ever factually alleged or proven at trial, according 1 2 to Mr. Johnson. 3 In response, according to an investigator familiar 4 with this case, exhibits provided in trial exposed the fact 5 that Defendant threatened to file liens against the Clerk of 6 Court and Judges. This information will remain in paragraph 7 15. The Court's going to overrule the objection and adopt 8 the Probation Officer's finding. Again, this does not affect 9 the advisory guideline range. 10 11 Objection #7. The Defendant objects to paragraph 22, stating money is handled like, quote, ghost dope, unquote. 12 13 According to the Defendant it was just an imaginary figure according to the Government's case-in-chief. 14 15 In response, according to paragraph 7 of the PSR, the 16 Defendant filed two involuntary petitions against an individual (U.S. Bankruptcy Court Official Form 105) against 17 18 both W.T. and K.H., claiming he is owed \$21 billion from a 19 judgment awarded by the World Court in Netherlands. The 20 Defendant was found guilty of this offense on September 26, 21 and no change would be made to paragraph 7. 22 The Court is going to adopt the Probation Officer's 23 position and overrule that objection.

Objection #8. The Defendant objects to paragraph 23,

which he asserts appears to be double counting since this

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element is included as an element of the offense.

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Again, the response: 2B1.1 of the guidelines is used in all fraud cases. The offense level is increased by two levels if the offense involved a misrepresentation or other fraudulent action during the course of the bankruptcy proceeding.

And, Probation did not recommend any change to paragraph 23 and, again, upon review, the Court is going to overrule that objection and adopt the Probation Officer's position.

Objection #9. The Defendant objects to paragraph 43 which seems to factor in the State offense which was more than 20 years ago. According to Defendant, the appropriate history is believed to be III criminal history.

Criminal history and response are not assessed based on date of conduct. Points are assessed based upon the date the sentence was imposed or release date from incarceration for certain cases. Mr. Johnson was assessed three criminal history points in paragraph 42 because he was convicted of this offense and received 300 months incarceration. This falls within 15 years of the Defendant's commencement of the instant offense and under the guidelines. The Defendant committed the instant offense while serving a term of incarceration imposed on March 18, 2008, in the Northern District of California; therefore, two points were added. The

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Probation Officer believes the Court properly calculated

Defendant's criminal history as III.

The Court's reviewed the criminal history and agrees with the Probation Officer's position and will overrule the Defendant's objection as to the criminal history.

Objection #10. Defendant objects to paragraph 55 which he states is not supported by any history. It is believed it was added just to pad the Government statistics to obtain program funds. This has to do with whether he -- Paragraph 55 has to do with drug use.

The information provided in paragraph 55, in our current PSR, was obtained from a prior sentence report which was adopted by the Northern District of California and was not appealed; therefore, no change was recommended in paragraph 55.

The Court's reviewed Mr. Johnson's objection, reviewed the PSR. Again, this does not affect the guideline range, but this is information from a previous presentence report in the Northern District of California, which was not appealed, and the Court's going to adopt the response and overrule the Defendant's objection to paragraph 55.

Now, it doesn't mean when we get to terms of supervised release whether or not drug treatment will or will not be ordered here. And the Court may delay that or may postpone ordering any drug treatment until Mr. -- and review

that again when Mr. Johnson gets out of prison. 1 2 Objection #11. Defendant objects to paragraph 79, 80, 93 and 94, which states all are irrelevant as they grow 3 4 out of falsity of paragraph 55. 5 Again, for the same reason, the Court is going to 6 overrule that objection. Objection #10 was information that 7 was obtained in a prior presentence report, so the Court's going to overrule that objection and adopt the Probation 8 9 Officer's position. Objection #12. Mr. Johnson objects to paragraph 99 10 11 which fails to mention the intervention that occurred November 12 10, 2018, at the Terre Haute CMU facility where the attempted 13 murder of Richard Warren was -- stabbing by Anthony Hammerick, who had already murdered David Neil, was stopped, and a life 14 15 was saved. The Defendant states Warden Bell would verify this 16 information. 17 Following the disclosure of the initial PSR, Mr. Johnson was awarded monetary special award recommendation due 18 19 to his intervention in the assault, so this information was 20 added to paragraph 42. 21 22

The Court will adopt the addition to the paragraph 42 by the Probation which indicates that event.

Now we get to Objection #13, which repeats and realleges 1 through 12, and the Court's already made those rulings and will adopt the Probation Officer's position with

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respects to objection 13, which were the new objection by Mr. 1 2 Elovitz which basically reiterated the Objections 1 through 3 12. 4 So, now we get to the objections that affect the 5 advisory guideline range. 6 Objection #14. Mr. Johnson objects to paragraph 22 7 of the PSR as to the increase in the offense level for 8 intended loss. According to the Defendant, the Court must 9 consider the economic reality principle and determine whether he had devised an ambitious scheme that was doomed to failure 10 11 from the inception and which caused little or no actual loss. 12 Mr. Johnson asserts it would be unfair to sentence him based 13 on the intended, but impossible, loss of determination from 14 2B1.1 table because intended loss bears no relation to 15 economic reality. The PSR sets forth the intended loss of \$21 16 billion, which is completely illusory as it was obvious neither this amount, nor any smaller portion of this amount 17 18 could ever be collected by Mr. Johnson. The Defendant also 19 asserts the PSR does not disclose any economic loss to any 20 victim. According to Mr. Johnson, the intended loss is a gross overstatement of the Defendant's relevant criminal 21 22 conduct and a downward departure is not only warranted, but 23 mandated. 24 Does that pretty much set forth your position, Mr. 25 Elovitz?

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             MR. ELOVITZ: It does, Your Honor, and that position
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    was set forth in greater detail in the Defendant's sentencing
    memorandum, filed Document 99.
             THE COURT: Which the Court has reviewed and read.
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 5
             MR. ELOVITZ: Thank you.
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             THE COURT: Anything you wish to add to your
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    memorandum?
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             MR. ELOVITZ: I think the memorandum sets it forth as
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    clearly as I can, Judge.
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             THE COURT: Okay. All right. Mr. Coonan?
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             MR. COONAN: Nothing else to add to our sentencing
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    memorandum and our response to Defendant's sentencing
    memorandum.
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             THE COURT: Well, why should I use $21 billion if it
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    was impossible?
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             MR. COONAN: Because the guidelines, as I read it,
    indicate that we can do that.
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             For example, Your Honor, and I do believe that there
    was a change from the old guidelines where this was in like
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    Section 2F to what is now in 2B1.1. But, the intended loss
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    which can be used means that pecuniary harm that the Defendant
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    purposefully sought to inflict, and includes intended
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    pecuniary harm that would have been impossible or unlikely to
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    occur. And the examples, are as in a Government's sting
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    operation or insurance fraud which the claim exceeded the
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1 insured value. That's in Sentencing Guideline 2B1.1 2 Application Note 3(A)(ii), and that would apply. 3 Now, the Court can, of course, consider a downward 4 departure and the United States does ask the Court to consider 5 that downward departure, but just to rule on our side that 6 it's outweighed by aggravating factors. But, the -- what 7 allows that is in Application Note 21(C), downward departure 8 consideration. There may be cases in which the offense level 9 determined under this guideline substantially overstates the seriousness of the offense. In such cases a downward 10 11 departure may be warranted, and then they give an example in 12 securities fraud. 13 So, United States takes the position, Your Honor, by reading what's in the sentencing guidelines, that that is --14 15 and I cite a few cases where -- similar cases where they use that guideline amount, that high amount we will call it for 16 argument purposes right now, but then they have the Court 17 18 consider a downward departure. So, again, Your Honor, the United States submits that 19 20 it's the correct number, but the Court is allowed to do a 21 downward departure. 22 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Elovitz, what's the 23 Defendant's position on what loss should be applied here? 2.4 Well, let me ask you this: Does it make a difference 25 on it who the Defendant is or who the victim is?

Let's say the victim wasn't the warden, but was Jeff 1 2 Bezos, who's worth \$110 billion? Does it make a difference 3 who the victim is? 4 MR. ELOVITZ: Well, is the answer to the question the 5 same? Could the Defendant under any possible theory, no 6 matter how many convolutions we have to go through, 7 permutations we have to apply could have gotten a penny if it 8 was Jeff Bezos? No. The same answer is if it was the warden, 9 because the basis under the claim under which the fraud is 10 alleged to have occurred, this judgment from a treaty with a 11 World Court, and there's no such governing body of justice 12 known as the World Court and there's no such treaty. So, you couldn't --13 14 THE COURT: But, in Mr. Johnson's mind there was. 15 MR. ELOVITZ: Well, in his mind -- And I don't doubt 16 that, Judge. Part of the sentencing hearing today will go to who helped him foster this belief in his mind, falsely or 17 18 otherwise. But, as a practical matter what he believes and 19 what reality is are two very divergent separate things in this 20 case. 21 And I wanted to bring this up, I deferred it and 22 didn't mention it in my first argument, but in this case we 23 would have to presuppose that the bankruptcy judges could 2.4 somehow be hoodwinked by this scheme, that somehow a cursory 25 reading of the filings in this case would somehow escape their

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attention and it would proceed any farther than an involuntary dismissal, which is exactly what occurred in this case.

So, I would posit to the Court if he had named Jeff
Bezos as the debtor that he was seeking involuntary bankruptcy
against and the cursory reading was this imaginary treaty that
didn't exist and a court that didn't exist, the same result
would occur, which would be the immediate involuntary
dismissal.

The basis upon which the alleged fraud was sought to be perpetrated is so based in nonfact, as a layperson reading it can easily see, there's no such court, there's no such treaty, there could be no such judgment, without that judgment there can't be the involuntary bankruptcy. So, truly it doesn't matter. It was one of those -- such a far-fetched scheme that he will take it to his grave possibly that there is such a treaty, I'm sure, and I have tried to convince him otherwise, Judge, and I think there's some hope that he's seeing that whatever belief he had was not corrected, it was fostered and advanced and furthered by Sherak and possibly others to where it got to this point. But, no, I don't think the victim matters, because it's so preposterous that any bankruptcy judge reading the petition would go, "Oh, heck no."

THE COURT: Okay. The Court in reading the guidelines, the -- under 2B1.1, and note 3(A)(ii), Intended Loss under the guidelines means, one, pecuniary harm that the

Defendant purposely sought to inflict.

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I don't think there's any question that Mr. Johnson purposely sought to inflict the pecuniary harm here.

And, two includes intended pecuniary harm that would have been impossible or unlikely to occur, as in the Government's sting operation or an insurance fraud in which the claim exceeded the insured value.

And then when you get to *Pecuniary Harm*, it means harm that is monetary or that otherwise is readily measurable in money. Accordingly, pecuniary harm does not include emotional distress, harm to reputation, or other non-economic harm. The pecuniary harm here was the \$21 billion.

Probation's response was according to 2B1.1, the comment that I just read. Subject to exclusions in Subdivision (D), loss is the greater of actual loss or intended loss. Intended loss means pecuniary harm that the Defendant purposefully sought to inflict, and includes intended pecuniary harm that would have been impossible or unlikely to occur, and for that reason Probation recommended no change to paragraph 22. And, for the same reason the Court is going to overrule the objection, realizing the arguments and acknowledging the arguments of Defendant, but I think clearly under the guidelines -- And it may be a matter for the Court to consider in determining the sentence, but the Court feels that paragraph 22 is accurate and the Court will

1 overrule and adopt the Probation Officer's position on 2 paragraph 22 as the intended loss. 3 Now we get to Objection #15. It states that Stephen Sherak was not under the direction -- This has to do with the 4 5 four-level increase under the aggravating role. 6 Mr. Elovitz, anything you wish to add other than what 7 you have filed in your sentencing memorandum? 8 MR. ELOVITZ: I think the sentencing memorandum 9 speaks fairly clearly to it, Judge. You also presided over 10 the trial and heard evidence concerning each individual's 11 alleged involvement in the case and I think the Court is in a 12 position to make that ruling based on the facts it's heard. THE COURT: Mr. Coonan? 13 MR. COONAN: Yes, Your Honor, the United States 14 15 supports the position of the Probation Office and, again, 16 there was no evidence of this that came out in trial as far 17 as --18 THE COURT: Well, the Court heard the trial and he 19 heard the testimony of the Defendant's mother, who testified 20 for the Government in that case, and she was an unwitting 21 participant in the situation, in the fraud, and, of course, 22 Stephen Sherak, and the wife, Deborah Welsh, and then Monya 23 Ballah and father, Fred Johnson, Byron Gasher, and others 2.4 helped facilitate the scheme. 25 The Court, having heard the testimony at trial, feels

the four-level enhancement for aggravating role -- that the Defendant was an organizer or a leader of a criminal activity that involved five or more participants and was extensive, and the Court's going to apply the four-level increase for aggravating role in the offense and will adopt the Probation Officer's position as to -- on Objection #15.

On Objection #16, the Defendant objects to paragraphs 27 and 30 of the PSR for the same reasons presented in the original and amended objections. For reasons set forth in Objection #13 and response to previous objections, the Defendant's pro se filings, no changes will be made to paragraphs 27 and 30, and the Court hereby adopts the Presentence Investigation Report with regard to those paragraphs.

And on Objection #17, the Defendant objects to paragraph 63 of the PSR for the same reasons presented in the amended objections filed and the objections that Mr. Johnson filed pro se, and the Court for the reasons in response to objection 13 and the response from previous objections, the Court's going to be adopting the Probation Officer's position and adopt the Presentence Investigation Report as to Objection #17.

Okay. It will, therefore, be the findings of this

Court that based on the bankruptcy fraud, the Count Group I

found in USSG 2B1.1(a)(2) provides for the base level offense

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of 6. The Court is going to apply the 30-level enhancement, because the loss exceeded 550 billion -- or million, as 20 billion, but for a level under 2B1.1(b)(1)(p), the intended loss as this Court originally found or recently found to be over 20 -- to be \$20 billion, so there's a 30-level increase.

Because the offense involve a misrepresentation or other fraudulent actions during the course of a bankruptcy proceeding, under paragraph 23 a two-level enhancement will be applied.

Under paragraph 24, because the victim was a Government officer or employee and the offense of conviction was motivated by the status -- by such status, a three-level increase under the guidelines under 3A1.2(a), and then adjustment for role in the offense, paragraph 25, as the Defendant was an organizer or a leader of a criminal activity of five or more participants, being Nell Leffel, Stephen Sherak, Deborah Welsh, Monya Ballah, B-A-L-L-A-H, Byron Gasher, and others, including his father, Mr. Johnson; therefore, the four-level increase, for a total offense level of 45; no acceptance responsibility. But, a total offense level of more than 43 is to be treated as an offense level 43, and, therefore, it will be an offense level of 43, criminal history category of III, being five criminal history points; custody range on Counts 1 through 4 of up to five years; a quideline provision can run consecutively up to 240 months;

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supervised release range on Counts 1 through 4 of one to three
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    years; and a fine range of 50,000 to $250,000; and, a special
    assessment of $100 per count, for a total of $400.
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             Based upon the rulings of this Court, any objections
    to those guideline range findings?
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             MR. COONAN: No, Your Honor.
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             MR. ELOVITZ: Subject to the objections, no, Your
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    Honor.
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             THE COURT: Subject to the objections; okay.
             Recommendation from the Government?
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             MR. COONAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: First of all, we have a victim here.
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    there any victims that wish to testify?
             MR. COONAN: No, Your Honor. We have -- The warden
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    submitted -- or victim submitted a letter which is attached to
    our response to Defense's sentencing memorandum. I can get a
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17
    copy for Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: Was that -- Well, it was part of your
    sentencing memorandum, wasn't it?
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             MR. COONAN: Our response to the sentencing
21
    memorandum.
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             THE COURT: Why don't you get that?
             MR. COONAN: I will, Your Honor. Thank you.
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             THE COURT: I think I am -- Oh, yeah, I have it here.
25
    I think I have it here. Yeah, I do have it.
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1 MR. COONAN: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor. 2 THE COURT: Yeah, I have it here. That was dated September 4th. 3 4 MR. COONAN: Yes, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Yeah, the Court has that. 6 MR. COONAN: Your Honor, the United States recommends 7 the low end of the quidelines, which would be 20 years of imprisonment, to be served consecutive to his current federal 8 9 term of imprisonment. 20 years would come about by stacking 10 the four counts consecutively. 11 And, I'm just going to hit it, because it was a topic 12 that came up as far as a downward departure. The United 13 States again requests that the Court do, in fact, consider a downward departure but that it does not give a downward 14 15 departure because of aggravating circumstances. 16 Those circumstances would be as follows, Your Honor: The Defendant had a mens rea. That's what he intended to do, 17 18 whether it was unlikely or not. And, as far as unlikely or impossible, the Bankruptcy Court had to have a hearing on it, 19 20 so it wasn't something that they just got rid of and closed it 21 right away. So, they had -- You know, the two victims had to 22 appear and so there was something going on with this, Your 23 Honor. 24 The second thing is that it's not about the money, 25 Your Honor, necessarily. It's the other motive that's causing

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emotional harm to other folks, these folks being federal employees. It's not the, you know, rich guy on a Caribbean island. These are folks that are entrusted and in charge of supervising federal inmates, and this is a way to intimidate those who are -- have that, you know, atlas-like responsibility, and it's not the first time that the Defendant has done this. He did that back in California against Judges, AUSAs, and BOP personnel. So, that's an aggravating factor and it's -- we need these responsible people not to be intimidated or harmed by the federal inmates and otherwise control is lost, there's -- it can be done, you know, as soon as one inmate finds out, "Oh, I can do this, I can intimidate a federal employee, the warden, whoever, staff member, and, you know, I get to do things my way, I am now in charge, " so to speak. So, you know, the victims had to worry about their credit reports, they were getting -- because it was in the bankruptcy court there's businesses that tracked this that have limited access to ECF, so the victims were getting letters from folks, you know, telling them how they can avoid bankruptcy, how to deal with it and such, and that's horrible. And then more particular, you know, kind of a third point, but I kind of already addressed it, Your Honor, is, yes, that motive, but also it's targeting these individuals. It's not somebody saying, "Oh, I hate the BOP." This is

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somebody actually doing something to particular people, and then there was a list he had of 28 other BOP staff members that he was or was going to target, as well. The other thing is -- And I am referring to the PSR, Your Honor. It's on page eight, paragraph 40. What that is, Your Honor, is it's a previous conviction that got zero points, but it's for selling unqualified securities back when the gentleman, the Defendant, was age 28, so it's outside the normal range, and he got five years and eight months of imprisonment. Again, Your Honor, page eight, paragraph 40. So, that wasn't put into the calculus of the guidelines and, but, you know, Your Honor, the United States submits that this is the same kind of thing that he's doing; it's falsehood. Like for there he obtained a false driver's license in the name of Kay Clayton Knight which he used to perpetrate this particular ponzi scheme. So, he can't just help himself, Your Honor. The last bit I was summarizing, the second last

And then, of course, what is counted for is that

Northern District of California conviction where he's -- he

was -- he was being detained and he and another guy filed

fraudulent tax forms and other documents charging debt against

what I mentioned earlier, Your Honor; Judges, Assistant U.S.

Attorneys, and Bureau of Prisons staff. He's doing this while

he's detained. There's -- He's unstoppable, and the United

paragraph on page nine, Your Honor.

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States respectfully submits that 20 years of imprisonment to
be served consecutively at least keeps him away, because I'm
sure, well, he would do much more damage if he was out of the
prison. But, right now, don't get me wrong, he's got that
motive to go after the folks that are in charge.
         So, for those reasons, Your Honor -- And, if Your
Honor has any questions of me I would accept them. But, a
minimal fine, if any fine, and the maximum supervised release
the United States would request, and certainly the $400 in
special assessments, Your Honor.
         THE COURT: Okay.
         MR. COONAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
         THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Elovitz, any evidence by
way of mitigation and your recommendation?
         MR. ELOVITZ: Yes, Your Honor. I had previously
issued a request for a writ for a Richard Warren and I would
like to call him to testify at this time.
         THE COURT: Okay. Is he downstairs, I assume?
         Have them bring Richard Warren up.
         (Brief interruption in proceedings)
         THE COURT: Mr. Warren, come on up here and please be
sworn.
         (Defense witness, Richard Warren, sworn).
         THE CLERK: Please be seated. Please state your full
name and spell your last name for the record, and speak
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1 clearly into the microphone. 2 MR. WARREN: Richard Warren, W-A-R-R-E-N. 3 THE COURT: You may proceed. 4 MR. ELOVITZ: Thank you, Your Honor. 5 6 DIRECT EXAMINATION 7 BY MR. ELOVITZ: Mr. Warren, where is your current residence? 8 A. I'm at the CMU in Marion. Q. Okay. And before you were at Marion were you in the CMU 10 11 in FCI-Terre Haute? 12 A. Yes, sir. Q. And while you were there did you have an occasion to 13 become acquainted with the Defendant in this case? 14 A. Who's the Defendant? 15 16 Q. The Defendant is Kurt Johnson seated at the table over there. 17 A. I didn't have my glasses on. Yes, I -- yes. 18 19 Q. Are you familiar with Kurt Johnson? 20 A. Yes, sir. 21 Q. Okay. While you were in the CMU in Terre Haute were you 22 the victim of a violent attack? 23 A. I was. Q. Do you remember when that occurred? 24

A. November 10th, last year, at exactly 6:40 p.m.

1 And can you describe that attack to the Judge? 2 Yes, sir. Mr. Johnson and Mr. Landers, myself, and Mr. Neil, who was killed the same night by the same man that 3 4 attacked me and tried to kill me, were all watching a DVD. 5 I'm a Christian minister, ordained minister, and we hold 6 Christian services from 6 p.m. until 8 p.m. every evening in 7 the chapel. We were watching a Christian DVD. I believe it 8 was Jeremiah. And the second part of that we couldn't watch 9 because we had to surrender the chapel at 8:00 to a group of Muslim fellas that had it from there until 9:15. Mr. Johnson 10 11 and Mr. Neil got up at exactly 6:32, and I know because I'm 12 the one that runs that, and we didn't have enough time to 13 watch the second part. They got up and left. Mr. Landers and 14 I stayed there, and we have to set the table up, get the 15 chairs put away and the TV and DVD and all that kind of stuff. 16 And, at exactly 6:37, Mr. Landers, who was in cell 19 -- I was in cell 20, David Neil was in cell 21. We entered our cell, 17 18 and right away, of course, having sat there, we needed to use 19 the restroom. We are supposed to block our window when we do 20 that, so we just put a towel up there. 21 As soon as I had taken my towel down to dry my hands, 22 one person by the name of Anthony Hammerick was standing at my 23 Anthony Hammerick used to come in and speak with me, 24 and in my cell right across from my bunk I have a chair and he 25 would sit there, and we would sit there and talk about four or

2.4

five minutes. I thought that's what was going to happen, so I turned toward my bunk to go to my bunk and sat down. He grabbed me from behind. He had a seven-inch ice pick with a list of names, mine being at the top of that list, and a rag. He stabbed me here (indicating) and it hit my bone and pushed the ice pick up in his hand. I elbowed him and knocked him up against my locker that stood beside the door and I turned to face him. He then held that up, pulled it down, flipped it over and started stabbing me. He stabbed me -- Of course, I warded it off -- the blows off with my left hand, and he stabbed me five times across my hand and nine times across my abdomen.

Having said that, when I -- he was stabbing at me and I am trying to fight him off with my hands, I yelled out and I kicked him and knocked him up against the sink, which was beside the door. He then came at me again and he stabbed me a number more times, one of them pretty serious in my stomach, and I yelled again. At that very moment, Mr. Johnson was walking by, down the hallway, and he stepped in between me and Mr. Hammerick. And Mr. Hammerick, when I hit him and knocked him back, when I had yelled, he dropped both the note, the rag, and the weapon on the ground. Mr. Johnson stood between me and him. He then -- Mr. Johnson told him he doesn't know what's going on, but enough is enough. He reached down, picked up his thing and left. Mr. Johnson then also turned

- 1 around and left. The only glimpse I had of a note knowing
- 2 | that my name was at the top of that note. And, by the way, we
- 3 were attacked because we were Christians, and he made that
- 4 | very clear. I had no idea until later on that night I got to
- 5 | the hospital, Union Hospital, that David Neil had even been
- 6 killed by the same person with a single stab wound to the
- 7 heart, and then afterwards he tried to cut his head off,
- 8 literally sliced his neck around.
- 9 Q. And, so, Mr. Warren, I want to -- this attack on Mr. Neil,
- 10 | would it had to have occurred just seconds before the attack
- 11 on you?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Because you all entered your cells at the same time; is
- 14 | that your testimony?
- 15 A. No.
- 16 Q. Okay.
- 17 A. Mr. Neil and Mr. Johnson had left a few minutes -- Mr.
- 18 | Landers and I have to stay --
- 19 Q. Oh, I see.
- 20 A. -- and put the room back in order for the next group. So,
- 21 | they left at exactly 6:32 p.m., because I'm looking right at
- 22 my watch. We entered our cells at 6:37, this happened at
- 23 6:40.
- 24  $\parallel$  Q. So, do you think Mr. Neil was already dead at that point?
- 25 A. Yes, sir, but I didn't know that until I got to the

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    hospital.
 2
    Q. And do you believe that were it not for the actions of
    Mr. Johnson that Mr. Hammerick would have retrieved his weapon
    and finished his attack upon you?
 4
 5
    A. I believe he would have tried to do that, yes, because
 6
    that was his intent.
 7
    Q. Just one more question. Prior to today have you ever held
    the title of hearing officer in any function at all, any
 8
 9
    capacity in any employment?
10
    A. Me?
11
    O. Yes.
12
    A. No.
13
    Q. Okay.
14
             MR. ELOVITZ: I don't have anything further, Judge.
15
             THE COURT: Cross-examination?
16
             MR. COONAN: No, thank you.
17
             THE COURT: You may step down, you are excused.
    Thank you.
18
19
             Next witness?
20
             MR. ELOVITZ: Stephen Sherak I would call as a
21
    witness.
22
             THE COURT: Okay. Stephen Sherak.
23
             Please approach the witness chair.
2.4
             Please raise your right hand to be sworn.
25
              (Defendant witness, Stephen Sherak, sworn).
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             THE CLERK: Please be seated.
 2
             MR. SHERAK: Thank you.
 3
             THE CLERK: Please state your full name and spell
    your last name for the record, and speak clearly into the
 4
 5
    microphone.
 6
    A. Stephen Isaac Sherak; S-H-E-R-A, as in apple, K, as in
 7
    kangaroo.
 8
             THE COURT: You may proceed.
 9
             MR. ELOVITZ: Thank you.
10
11
                           DIRECT EXAMINATION
12
    BY MR. ELOVITZ:
    Q. Mr. Sherak, where are you currently residing?
13
14
    A. Marion United States Penitentiary.
15
    Q. And why are you there?
16
    A. I'm here on a violation and new charge.
    Q. A violation of what?
17
18
       Supervised release.
    Α.
19
       And what were you on supervised release for?
20
    A. Bank fraud and counterfeit checks.
21
             THE COURT: Can you kind of speak closely into the
22
    microphone?
23
        I apologize. Bank fraud and counterfeit checks.
24
    Q. Was it a violation of your supervised release that you are
25
    back on?
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- 1 A. I'm back on a new charge and the violations.
- 2 | Q. What's the violations based on?
- 3 A. There's multiple Grade Cs and Grade Bs, from being out of
- 4 district, being in contact with other inmates, and getting a
- 5 new charge.
- 6 Q. Is one of the other inmates you have been alleged to have
- 7 | contact with Kurt Johnson?
- 8 A. That is correct.
- 9 Q. And do you see Kurt Johnson in court today?
- 10 | A. I do.
- 11 | Q. Where is he?
- 12 A. Standing right behind you in a white T-shirt.
- 13 Q. Is he seated or standing?
- 14 A. Seated.
- 15 Q. Were you ever incarcerated in the same unit as
- 16 Mr. Johnson?
- 17 A. Yes, I was.
- 18 Q. And when would that have been?
- 19 A. If I'm not mistaken the dates were between the end of
- 20 | 2015, maybe, to 2017.
- 21 Q. And where would that have been?
- 22 A. That was at the United States Penitentiary in Marion.
- 23 Q. What unit were you in together?
- 24 A. I-Unit, Communications Management Unit.
- 25 Q. Okay. What is your mother's name?

- 1 A. Faith Sherak.
- Q. Okay. And do you have any siblings; brothers or sisters?
- $3 \mid A$ . I have a brother and sister.
- 4 Q. What's your brother's name?
- 5 A. Alexander Sherak.
- 6 Q. And, your sister?
- 7 A. Jacqueline Sherak.
- 8 Q. And, to the best of your knowledge has your sister ever
- 9 been employed by the Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank?
- 10 A. She was with Syria National Bank and then the ADCB for
- 11 about nine years.
- 12 Q. Okay. I filed a sentencing memorandum and attached an
- 13 Exhibit 1 to that. Let me show you this that I have attached.
- 14 A. Okay.
- 15 Q. Do you recognize that Exhibit 1?
- 16 A. I do.
- 17 Q. What is that?
- 18 A. That is an offer for a judgment and a monetary judgment
- 19 for Mr. Johnson.
- 20 Q. Okay. Could you tell us about this? This isn't the first
- 21 | time you have seen this, correct?
- 22 A. I mean, it's been a few years. It's first time I have
- 23 seen it since maybe 2017.
- 24 | Q. Okay. And, at the time did you have an iCloud account
- 25 | S.Sherak@iCloud.com?

- 1 A. Yes, I still have that.
- 2 Q. You still have that; okay. And was this Exhibit 1
- 3 e-mailed to your iCloud account?
- 4 A. It was e-mailed to the iPhone account. It's not an iPhone
- 5 account, it's an Apple account. But, it was e-mailed to it.
- 6 I probably opened it up on my iPhone, that is correct.
- 7 Q. And do you know who e-mailed this to you?
- 8 A. That was e-mailed to -- No, I know -- I mean, I know who
- 9 e-mailed it to me, my sister. But I e-mailed that directly
- 10 from my phone to Sarasotanell, which is, I believe, Kurt
- 11 Johnson's mother.
- 12 Q. Okay. And in this is your sister forwarding a
- 13 communication that says that the Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank is
- 14 going to offer \$281 million for Mr. Johnson's judgment?
- 15 A. I don't believe it says from my sister. I believe it's
- 16 | from someone else. I believe it says from Abdul Shahaf Sayeed
- 17 | and Alain Marquees, but I believe it does say to contact my
- 18 sister.
- 19 Q. And this would have come to you via your sister, correct?
- 20 A. I mean, it came from a different person. It didn't come
- 21 | from my sister. It shows who it came from at the top.
- 22 | Q. Okay. And did you forward this to Kurt Johnson?
- 23 A. I didn't forward it to Kurt Johnson. I forwarded it to
- 24 his mother.
- 25 Q. Now, had you discussed an alleged \$21 billion judgment

- 1 | that Kurt Johnson received with him?
- 2 A. Have I discussed it with who?
- 3 Q. With Kurt Johnson.
- 4 A. Oh, multiple times.
- 5 Q. Multiple times. And did you at some point tell
- 6 Mr. Johnson that an attorney by the name of Elliot Wiesner or
- 7 Wiesner had secured documents in the case?
- 8 A. Elliot Wiesner helped me get in touch with my sister and
- 9 helped me provide information regarding a treaty, that's
- 10 | correct.
- 11 Q. What treaty are we talking about?
- 12 A. To this day I was sitting down in the bullpen trying to
- 13 remember it. It's a corporation resolution contract treaty,
- 14  $\parallel$  and I can't remember the original name. It wasn't the
- 15 original name, which was the administrative prior remedy
- 16 process treaty, but it was a different name, and to this day I
- 17 | cannot remember it. Maybe if you have some refresher I would
- 18 be able to.
- 19 Q. Well, and so did you then confirm to Mr. Johnson the --
- 20 that this treaty did, in fact, exist that he was talking
- 21 about?
- 22 A. Over two years ago, maybe three and a half years ago.
- 23 Q. Okay. And did you tell him you would assist him in
- 24 | obtaining a judgment in this -- against -- or using this
- 25 | treaty?

- 1 A. No.
- 2 Q. Did you tell him you would help get him copies of a
- 3 | judgment that he believed he had obtained?
- $4 \parallel A$ . I told Mr. Johnson from the beginning he was having -- he
- 5 didn't have any people, excuse me, to contact on the street in
- 6 order to find this. We had called the Library of Congress. I
- 7 helped Mr. Johnson procure the information about the treaty.
- 8 Everything was done through other sources. But, at the time
- 9 prior to me leaving there was a talk between Mr. Johnson and I
- 10 about receiving a formal copy, as well as a certified copy of
- 11 the judgments to him upon release.
- 12 Q. Okay. And did you have any communications with this
- 13 | Elliot Wiesner about this treaty and about this judgment?
- 14 A. I mean, I have spoken with him multiple times.
- 15 Q. About this judgment?
- 16 A. About Mr. Johnson. Not about the specific judgment, no;
- 17 | that's incorrect.
- 18 Q. Okay. What did you speak to Mr. Wiesner about
- 19 Mr. Johnson? What was that conversation or conversations
- 20 | concerning?
- 21 A. Well, Mr. Johnson had written Mr. Wiesner, and Mr. Wiesner
- 22 was a little baffled, because his e-mails -- or actually his
- 23 | letters and his e-mails seemed a little, as Mr. Wiesner said,
- 24 loopy, and he thought he was a little crazy.
- 25 Stop laughing, Kurt.

- 1 Excuse me. And, at the time he said, "Stephen, I
- 2 feel very uncomfortable talking with this person." And I
- 3 said, "All right. We will deal with a different attorney, if
- 4 that's the case."
- 5 Q. Let me show you something that's been marked as Exhibit 2
- 6 in my sentencing memorandum. Take a look at this Exhibit 2,
- 7 Mr. Sherak, and see if you recognize that document.
- 8 A. Can I hold the paper?
- 9 Q. That's going to be up to the Court. I usually with
- 10 prisoners don't let them out of my hands.
- 11 A. I just need to take my glasses off. I can barely see it.
- 12 THE COURT: He can hold it.
- 13 Q. That'll be fine.
- 14 A. Reading from the top, correct?
- 15 Q. No, I am just asking if you recognize the e-mail.
- 16 | A. I mean, it's an e-mail. I recognize it as an e-mail.
- 17 | Q. Will you read it and see if you recognize the contents?
- 18 A. That makes more sense, thank you.
- 19 It is over three years old, but, I mean, it's
- 20 probably something that went through my -- looks as something
- 21 | I've done. I don't remember it word for word, but it sounds
- 22 familiar. There were many e-mails sent.
- 23 Q. Okay. And does this e-mail concern something from --
- 24 | allegedly from Elliot Wiesner about a judgment?
- 25 A. It concerns an e-mail that I wrote to Elliot.

- 1 | Q. Okay. And does it mention World Court Main Offices?
- 2 A. Give me a second.
- 3 Yes, in the e-mail that I received, correct.
- 4 Q. And in this e-mail is it allegedly from Elliot Wiesner
- 5 saying there are certified copies with seals of a judgment in
- 6 | this case?
- 7 A. I mean, I don't know if it -- It says, "Forwarded info,"
- 8 so I can't be guaranteed, but it says "Elliot" on the bottom,
- 9 so I'm assuming that it is.
- 10 Q. But, your testimony has been that Elliot Wiesner wouldn't
- 11 | have had anything to do with this, is that correct?
- 12 | A. My testimony is I didn't deal with Elliot as far as
- 13 everything. We discussed nothing as far as -- other than the
- 14 procurement of the World Court judgment and as well as helping
- 15 me attain information, but nothing that financially settled.
- 16 He refused to cooperate after receiving the letters from
- 17 Mr. Johnson.
- 18 Q. Did you cause Mr. Johnson to have money sent to your
- 19 | mother to obtain copies -- certified copies of this alleged
- 20 | judgment?
- 21  $\parallel$  A. There was, I believe, \$374 sent, that is correct.
- 22 | Q. And why that amount?
- 23 A. I believe that's how much it was with shipping and
- 24 | everything else.
- 25 Q. And how did you determine what the shipping would be and

- 1 | what the fees would be?
- 2 A. Three years ago it came from whatever the amount was. I
- 3 wasn't a hundred percent sure.
- 4 Q. And where were you going to obtain the copies of this
- 5 | judgment from?
- 6 A. We were going to send it over to Hague and ask them for
- 7 copies of the judgment.
- 8 Q. And how did you know a judgment existed?
- 9 A. Like I just told you, we were -- we had information as far
- 10 as the person, the hearing officer that signed it. I had
- 11 | information through a family member that had everything taken
- 12 care of, as well as we had information stating that everything
- 13 was signed and done.
- 14 Q. So, you presented all of this information that you had
- 15 | accumulated on this alleged judgment to Mr. Johnson, correct?
- 16 A. I mean, between that and discussions, yeah, but there was
- 17 | nothing presented, there was no physical evidence.
- 18 Q. I understand there was nothing physical, but you told
- 19 Mr. Johnson repeatedly that the judgment existed, is that
- 20 | correct?
- 21 A. That is correct.
- 22 Q. You told Mr. Johnson if he gave your mother \$374 she would
- 23 obtain certified copies of this judgment, is that correct?
- 24 A. No, that's incorrect.
- 25 Q. Okay. I'm sorry, I misunderstood your testimony. What

- 1 was the money for?
- 2 A. Mr. Johnson said he would like a copy of the certified
- 3 judgment. I said, "Here's what you do to get it." He said,
- 4 "Well, do you have someone that could do it for you?" I said,
- 5 "I will ask my mom to do it." And, that's basically it. I
- 6 never offered, I never did anything. All I did was, "I'll
- 7 ask."
- 8 Q. But in your conversations -- your repeated conversations
- 9 with Mr. Johnson, you repeatedly informed him both of the
- 10 existence of this judgment and its validity, is that correct?
- 11 A. I never said validity; I said existence.
- 12 Q. So, what did you do yourself or have anyone else do to
- 13 confirm the existence of this judgment?
- 14 A. We read a treaty and looked at the paperwork.
- 15 Q. Who's we?
- 16 A. Mr. Johnson and I.
- 17 | Q. Okay. And, so to confirm the existence of the judgment
- 18 what did you do other than tell Mr. Johnson?
- 19 A. We didn't have the ability to confirm it. We did
- 20 | everything with just a hope and a prayer.
- 21 MR. ELOVITZ: I don't have anything further, Judge.
- 22 THE COURT: Any cross-examination?
- MR. COONAN: No, thank you, Your Honor.
- 24 THE COURT: Okay. You may step down. Thank you.
- 25 Any other witnesses?

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             MR. ELOVITZ: Judge, no other witnesses today.
 2
             THE COURT: Okay. Your recommendation?
             MR. ELOVITZ: Judge, I would like to start off with a
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    brief reference -- and you hate to do it as you get older --
 5
    but to life expectancies. I checked the Social Security
 6
    actuarial tables this morning. And, so, for a white male, age
 7
    56, you can count on just under an additional 25 years of life
 8
    expectancy. That would put Mr. Johnson right around age 81.
 9
    He was sentenced, I believe, at age 43, to a 25-year sentence.
    That would put him at age 68. Given the Government's
10
11
    recommendation, the Court would -- it would have the Court
12
    impose a sentence to where release of the Defendant would
13
    occur seven years after his life expectancy. He would be
14
    there until he was age 88.
15
             Now, we are talking --
16
             THE COURT: According to the presentence report his
    projected outdate under his Northern District of California
17
18
    case is December of 2027, which is eight years from now.
19
             PROBATION OFFICER: That changed, though, Judge.
20
             MR. ELOVITZ: That may take into consideration the
21
    good time, but he's not entitled to any.
22
             PROBATION OFFICER: He now has, with good conduct,
23
    11/6 of '28. I just talked with the case manager yesterday.
2.4
             MR. ELOVITZ: Additionally, Judge, the Martin case
25
    and other cases indicate that when considering life
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expectancies in sentences we shouldn't be discounting by the good time when accumulating the sentences in the aggregate, because of the potential.

So, the 25-year sentence at age 43 and a 20-year sentence now puts him well past the 80-year life expectancy that he has as he sits there today. He's not a violent offender. To say that this scheme was half-baked is an understatement by meters, by miles, by tens of miles. As I stated earlier, he couldn't have collected a penny. So, the only alternative theory for conducting this would have been to harass the warden and the intelligence analyst. Is a 20-year sentence appropriate for that conduct when the Defendant, I think the Court -- I would hope the Court would agree, could never collect a penny on a judgment that didn't exist, that it couldn't have gone any farther than it did, which was a dismissal; that it was so outrageous, so far-fetched, so ridiculous that nobody was going to give a penny for it under any circumstances.

And, so, then you have nonpecuniary loss and how traumatic was the event. Does it justify a 20-year sentence? Is the Defendant such a recidivist that a 20-year sentence is necessary to protect the public? And, if so, to protect the public from what? Further frauds that aren't capable of defrauding anyone of a penny? Further conduct of the Defendant that causes minimal harassment for a period of 44

days where I think the worst that can be said was they got 1 2 some unsolicited mailing from bankruptcy attorneys or other bankruptcy agencies to their work address? 3 4 Yes, I'm not saying this was a good thing for him to 5 do, I'm not saying it was a legal thing for him to do. What 6 I'm saying is it's not a 20-year prison sentence for him to 7 have done, it's not a life sentence thing for him to have done. I understand there needs to be deterrence for others 8 9 similarly situated in prison that might have a half-brain, half-cocked idea to claim that the warden owes them \$21 10 11 billion under a treaty that didn't exist with a judgment that 12 never occurred. I suppose a 20-year sentence might deter 13 these people, but, to be quite frank, it might not. And should we be handing out these type of life sentences for this 14 15 type of conduct? I understand the Defendant has a criminal 16 history, that he has spent a substantial period of time in 17 prison, that his time in prison hasn't been entirely 18 productive, that this offense occurred while he was in prison, 19 but some of the Government's points, Your Honor, specifically 20 that he targeted the warden and the intelligence analyst, that he must be punished for that, are already taken into 21 22 consideration in the guidelines and in the presentence report. 23 He's getting three levels added because of whom he targeted, 2.4 Your Honor. He's getting that as punishment. The Government 25 makes a lot about the fact he's incarcerated and he has got to

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be punished additionally because of that, but he is. sentence has to run consecutive to the sentence he's serving in prison. That's the punishment that's contemplated additionally for committing crimes when you are in prison, that your new sentence runs consecutive, that you target the That's the three levels, that's already taken into consideration. So, when you look at everything, you have the wholly illusory amount. He could have said \$5 trillion, he could have said \$1; it simply wouldn't matter. He couldn't have gotten anything. The only thing he could have got, which is what the Government does concede and what the presentence report does declare, is nonpecuniary gains to him in the form of perhaps harassment of a minor nature to both the warden and the intelligence analyst and, therefore, Your Honor, I think getting back to the fact that he's not such a recidivist, that there's no hope for him and no redeeming qualities, I think the Court clearly heard that he prevented a second fatality, a second murder from occurring in the CMU in Terre Haute, Indiana and that he saved the gentleman's life. This isn't somebody that was going to stand there and calmly look and watch this unfold and watch this happen. He stood up and did the right thing. Is there a reward for that? I'm not so sure I'm asking for a reward as I am trying to point out to the Court he's not without redeeming value, that he is not a lost cause, that he isn't somebody that -- if you take the

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Government's position, Judge, he isn't somebody that must be
warehoused for the rest of his natural life. I think we
should reserve that for people that actually caused great
physical harm to others, that caused great pecuniary loss,
there's like Bernie Madoff should never go free.
scheme that could get to a billion dollars; this one could
     There is big difference, and the difference in degrees
is the difference in a man's life here, Your Honor, and I ask
the Court to seriously consider that when determining a
sentence to be imposed.
         THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Johnson, will you approach the
podium with your attorney here?
         Anything you wish to say or offer in mitigation
before this Court imposes sentence?
         DEFT. JOHNSON: Yeah, I think I would, but I would
ask the Court to indulge me for a couple seconds or couple
minutes, because I'm not really doing the blame game -- that's
what it's going to sound like, but I'm just going to use it
for some facts in relationship to the point that I would like
to make.
         THE COURT: Okay.
         DEFT. JOHNSON: When this thing started the
Government says that I am doing it for harassment. That's not
really the case. There's a statement that I am doing it for
the money. That's not really the case. I am doing it based
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on a belief that a judgment exists and that the -- that I was asserting a legal entitlement for debt collection, and that was the only purpose for it. Whether those facts are true or not is now determined.

But, my frustration with the Court is that I don't believe that I was entitled to a fair trial, that the Defense was not able to present its case. My subpoenas were not properly handled, they were never executed, witnesses weren't able to be presented. And as far as the place that I am housed, if I had known that the judgment doesn't exist this would never have occurred. But, at the CMU I am obstructed constantly, can't even do regular basic communications. It's a unit that doesn't operate with any regulations, it doesn't operate with any enumerated powers within the constitution, and all these things are kind of like the perfect storm that created this incident. And, like I said, if -- but with all that wickedness, and even if I got a Judas kiss from my friend here, Stephen Sherak, with all that terrible stuff that happened -- and I regret it all -- I can't possibly -- I can't really say that I regret this situation, because with all what I consider wickedness, God enters into those things to work his good for those who are called according to his purpose. And I don't really have an extraordinary life, but I find it really precious to save a man's life. And if the trial wouldn't have gone too fast and improperly, if all the other

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things wouldn't have happened, I wouldn't have been
transferred, I wouldn't have been there for that moment. And,
you know, I feel like I could have been stabbed to death at
that time. And the Bible says that it's -- you know, no
greater love does a man have except to lay down his life for a
        I feel like I could have lost my life right there,
and even if I lost my life I would have been happy to save Mr.
Warren's life. And, so, I think that good came out of it.
And whether you want to take the rest of my life or some
portion thereof, I left my life in that cell on that day, and
I'm good with that. I don't have any regrets. Do I wish I
didn't file the thing? I guess if I would have known what I
know -- what appears to be known today I would never file
that. My purpose was to -- I spelled my purpose out very
clearly in the petition itself.
         THE COURT: Let me ask you this: What did you think
the judgment was for? Why do you think you were entitled to a
judgment from the World Court? What did you do to deserve a
judgment from the World Court?
         DEFT. JOHNSON: Well, sir, the way that the
administrative procedure works is that you have to present
administrative demand, you have to present notice of default
and a notice of -- I mean, a notice -- There's three
particular procedures followed by the treaty, and then it has
to be presented to a hearing officer, and in this particular
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case Mr. Sherak told me that that was a Jonathan Helmsford in
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    the Netherlands, and the hearing officer's duty is to look
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    through treaty compliance, and if treaty compliance goes
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    forward then it's presented to the Court for validation.
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             THE COURT: So, you thought you were entitled to a
    judgment because of the treaty?
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 7
             DEFT. JOHNSON: Yes, and because that -- I was
 8
    following a -- I was following a treaty procedure and I was
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    not pulling a rabbit out of my ass, if you want to --
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             THE COURT: What did you do to --
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             DEFT. JOHNSON: I presented the administrative demand
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    to the Central Office.
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             MR. ELOVITZ: I think the Court's asking what wrong
    did you think entitled you to relief under the treaty?
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             THE COURT: Yeah.
16
             DEFT. JOHNSON: Okay. The claims that I made are
    also spelled out in the evidence. But the claim is -- I wrote
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    about seven or eight pages in the administrative demand that
19
    spelled out my claims.
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             THE COURT: And what were those claims?
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             DEFT. JOHNSON: They were based on that the CMU is
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    not a regulated unit, it's not properly authorized. In fact,
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    what it comes down to and how the figure arrived --
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             THE COURT: So, it had to do with your incarceration?
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             DEFT. JOHNSON: Right.
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1 THE COURT: Okay. 2 DEFT. JOHNSON: And the way that I arrived at that number, if you want to know, is the requested relief and the 3 4 administrative demand was for \$1 billion for every year of 5 operation for the two CMU units. And they didn't have exact 6 starting dates, identical starting dates, so when the judgment 7 was granted, under my understanding it was \$15 billion and 8 then it went up to a billion --9 THE COURT: Right, I understand that. DEFT. JOHNSON: Right, and so that's all spelled out 10 11 in that document. 12 THE COURT: Okay. Anything else you wish to say? 13 DEFT. JOHNSON: No. And I would just say to 14 everybody here that life is precious and saving a life is 15 precious, it was fun, I'm glad that I got to do it, and I 16 think that, you know, as Donald Trump did with saving --17 choosing to save 150 lives and not trading 150 Iranians for a 18 piece of machinery, I think we would all do better if we all 19 started to pay attention, and so I think that life is 20 precious. 21 THE COURT: Okay. So, Mr. Johnson, you are before 22 this Court for sentencing on two counts of bankruptcy fraud 23 and two counts of false declaration in bankruptcy. You are 24 responsible for causing two false involuntary bankruptcies 25 against BOP Warden W.T. and Intelligence Research Specialist

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         You committed the scheme while serving a 300-month term
    K.H.
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    of imprisonment in the Bureau of Prisons.
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             Come back up here.
             MR. ELOVITZ: I'm sorry. Come up here.
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 5
             THE COURT: You received enhancements for intended
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    loss, being 20 billion, fraudulent actions during the
 7
    bankruptcy proceedings, the victim being a Government employee
 8
    and role adjustment for being a leader. You have five
 9
    criminal history points, you had a jury trial and were
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    convicted. And, there are some aggravating factors that have
11
    not been accounted for by the guidelines. The highest
12
    specific offense characteristic pertaining to intended loss is
    Level 30, as the loss exceeded -- for the loss to exceed 550
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14
    million, your intended loss was, as the Court found earlier,
15
    20 billion. You sought personal identifiers of at least 28
16
    additional intended victims, but were unsuccessful. You also
17
    threatened to file liens against the Clerk of Court and
18
    Judges. And, following the trial in this case, paragraph 12
19
    of the presentence report, you successfully smuggled two
20
    letters out of prison. The letters were posted on YouTube and
21
    made direct threats against Marion BOP, the staff, and the
22
    warden of the prison. You have prior convictions for
23
    developing a scheme to defraud other victims out of millions
    of dollars.
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             In mitigation, factors presented have not been
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accounted for in the guidelines. Reportedly you have three children to support. Also, the Court acknowledges the fact that you did save a life.

When I look at the 3553(a) factors, the nature and circumstances of the offense and the history and characteristics of you as a Defendant, Mr. Johnson, you -- I think you identify yourself as a genius. You are very intelligent; very intelligent. But, yet you have entered into a life of trying to con people out of money and you have a history of doing that. You have an addiction, maybe not to drugs, but you have an addiction to try to con people, and the Court has no reason to believe that your future actions will not conform to what your past actions have been. This is a serious offense. You have not been deterred from previous sentences, you committed this offense while you were incarcerated. The Court needs to protect the public from further crime from you and, as I said, I'm not sure you know anything other than to try to develop schemes to defraud people.

As far as the actuarial tables on how long you are going to live, that's not for me to decide. As you stand there you seem to be a very healthy individual. You could easily live to be in your 90s. I don't determine how long people live. That's above my pay grade to determine that.

And, I do hope you live a long time and I do hope you get out

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of prison, but I hope when you get out of prison that you have the mental state that you're going to abide by the rules and laws of society.

The Court, having considered all the information in the presentence report, including guideline computations and factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. 3553(a), pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984, it would be the judgment of this Court that Defendant Kurt F. Johnson is hereby committed to the custody of the Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a term of 216 months, which consists of 60 months on each of Counts 1 and 2, and 48 months on Counts 3 and 4 to be served consecutively with each other and consecutively with your current sentence in docket #05-cr-0611-002 (WHA).

The Court is considering the arguments of your counsel and recognizing the Court can vary downward or vary from the maximum here. The Court did come off nine levels of the offense level and sentenced you to 216 months based upon a nine-level reduction from 43 to 34, within that guideline range.

It is ordered you shall pay the United States a special assessment of \$400, and the special assessment is payable through the Clerk of the U.S. District Court. It is further ordered you shall pay the United States a total fine of \$400 consisting of a \$100 fine on each count, and the fine is due immediately.

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You shall notify the United States Attorney for this district within 30 days of any change of name, residence, or mailing address until paid in full. Having assessed your ability to pay, payment of the total criminal monetary penalties shall be paid in equal monthly installments of \$20 or ten percent of your net monthly income, whichever is greater, and you shall pay any financial penalties imposed by this judgment that remains unpaid at the commencement of the term of supervised release.

Upon release from imprisonment you shall be placed on supervised release for a term of three years on each count to run concurrently. And that will run concurrently with -- What was your term of supervised release in your Northern California case, do you recall?

DEFT. JOHNSON: Five years.

THE COURT: Five years. Well, my three years will run concurrent with that.

Within 72 hours of release from the custody of the Bureau of Prisons you shall report in person to the Probation Office in the district to which you are released. While on supervision you shall be subject to and be required to comply with conditions of supervision as ordered by this Court.

I need to advise you you have a right to appeal this sentence -- your conviction and sentence. That appeal must be filed within 14 days after entry of judgment. If you cannot

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afford the services of an attorney to handle your appeal, one
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    will be appointed for you. If you so request, the Clerk of
    Court will notice an appeal for you at this time.
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             Do you wish to have the Clerk enter a Notice of
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    Appeal for you?
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             DEFT. JOHNSON: I have documents prepared.
 7
             THE COURT: You have documents prepared. Okay. So,
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    are you going to have your attorney do that or are you going
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    to do that?
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             DEFT. JOHNSON: They are already -- I am just putting
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    them in.
12
             THE COURT: Pardon?
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             DEFT. JOHNSON: I am putting them in.
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             THE COURT: Okay; all right. So, you have 14 days to
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    do that. Do you understand that?
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             DEFT. JOHNSON: I will give them to you right now.
             THE COURT: Okay. Well, I'll tell you, give them to
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18
    the Clerk.
19
             DEFT. JOHNSON: Okay.
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             THE COURT: Okay; all right. Anything else,
    Mr. Elovitz?
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22
             MR. ELOVITZ: I don't think so, Judge. Thank you.
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             THE COURT: Oh, about the supervised release.
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             MR. ELOVITZ: Oh, the reading of them. Can I have a
25
    moment with Mr. Johnson, Your Honor?
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THE COURT: Sure.
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             MR. ELOVITZ: Thanks.
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             THE COURT: I am going to do this: On the supervised
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    release what's the provision on drug testing?
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             PROBATION OFFICER: You mean as far as the special
 6
    condition?
 7
             THE COURT: The special condition.
             The Court's going to defer that special condition
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 9
    until you are released from prison, Mr. Johnson.
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             PROBATION OFFICER: He's got mental health --
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             THE COURT: I want the mental health in there.
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             PROBATION OFFICER: He's also got the special
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    condition when he gets released on TSR he's going to have to
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    participate.
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             THE COURT: He's going to have to participate in drug
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    -- Okay. I want to defer that until you are released,
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    because, again, there's nothing in the presentence report that
    indicates -- in this current one. There was in the Northern
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    California one, but I think we have had some direction out of
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    Chicago that we may want to defer that if there's no evidence
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    for drug abuse.
22
             MR. ELOVITZ: Understood, Your Honor.
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             DEFT. JOHNSON: Arthritis drugs by then, anyway.
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             MR. ELOVITZ: He's on arthritis drugs. That's the
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    hardest drugs he's on.
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             DEFT. JOHNSON: No, I'm not on that.
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             THE COURT: Okay. So, other than that condition, are
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    there any objections to any of the conditions of supervised
    release?
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             MR. ELOVITZ: There are not, Judge. And the
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    Defendant and I have both executed a written waiver of the
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    reading.
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             THE COURT: Is this your signature on the written
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    waiver, Mr. Johnson?
10
             DEFT. JOHNSON: Yes, it is.
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             THE COURT: Okay. The Court accepts the waiver and,
    with the exception of one condition, the other conditions will
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    be adopted by this Court and will be part of the judgment in
14
    this case, which, of course will be part of the appeal.
15
             Anything further, Mr. Coonan?
16
             MR. COONAN: No, thank you, Your Honor.
17
             THE COURT: Okay. That will be all.
18
             THE CLERK: Judge, do you want me to take the Notice
19
    of Appeal?
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             THE COURT: Yes, hu-huh; yeah.
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             THE CLERK: Thank you.
22
             All rise. Court's adjourned.
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    I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the
    record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
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 6
    /S/ Stephanie K. Rennegarbe
                                                09/30/2019
    Certified Shorthand Reporter
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